

# **MODEL 212 PROFILER**

**OPERATION MANUAL**  
Document No. 212-9800 Revision E



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*Model 212 Profiler Operation Manual*

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## Safety Notice

The contents of this manual have been checked against the hardware and software described herein. Since deviations cannot be prevented entirely, we cannot guarantee full agreement. However, the data in this manual is reviewed regularly and any necessary corrections are included in subsequent editions.

Faultless and safe operation of the product presupposes proper transportation, storage, and installation as well as careful operation and maintenance. The seller of this equipment cannot foresee all possible modes of operation in which the user may attempt to utilize this instrumentation.

The user assumes all liability associated with the use of this instrumentation. The seller further disclaims any responsibility for consequential damages.

### **NOTICE**



**CAUTION—Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.**



**WARNING—This product, when properly installed and operated, is considered a Class I laser product. Class I products are not considered to be hazardous.**

**There are no user serviceable parts located inside the cover of this device.**

**Do not attempt to remove the cover of this product. Failure to comply with this instruction could cause accidental exposure to laser radiation.**

This system contains a laser operating at 650 or 780 nm depending on model. This wavelength is invisible to the naked eye and can cause damage to the eye if directly exposed. A protective housing protects the unit. To avoid the possibility of accidental exposure, always power down the system any time service or repair work is being performed.

Repair of instrumentation manufactured by Met One Instruments, Inc. should only be attempted by manufacturer trained service personnel.

## **Electrical & Safety Conformity**

The manufacture certifies that this product operates in compliance with following standards and regulations:

- FDA / CDRH This product is tested and complies with 21 CFR, Subchapter J, of the health and Safety Act of 1968.
- European Community (CE) Directive 72/23/EEC  
EN 61010-1 (Safety)
- IEC 60825-1 Ed.1.1 (1998-01)
- EN 60825-1 W/A11 (1996)
- US 21 CFR 1040.10

## **Warranty**

Products manufactured by Met One Instruments, Inc. are warranted against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of (1) year from the date of shipment from the factory. Offered products not manufactured by Met One Instruments, Inc. will be warranted to the extent and in the manner warranted by the manufacturer of that product.

Any product found to be defective during the warranty period will, at the expense of Met One Instruments, Inc. be replaced or repaired and return freight prepaid. In no case shall the liability of Met One Instruments, Inc. exceed the purchase price of the product.

This warranty may not apply to products that have been subject to misuse, negligence, accident, acts of nature or that have been modified other than by Met One Instruments, Inc. Opening the particle counter, e.g. removing the cover, voids warranty!

Consumable items such as bearings are not covered under this warranty.

Other than the warranty set forth herein, there shall be no other warranties, whether expressed, implied or statutory, including warranties of fitness or merchantability.

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# 1. Safety

## 1.1. Safety Indicators

This manual uses a **CAUTION** and a **WARNING** indication. Familiarize yourself with the following definitions for the meanings of these indicators.

A **CAUTION** indicates a hazard and calls attention to a procedure that if not correctly followed could result in damage to the instrument. Do not proceed beyond a caution indicator without understanding the hazard.

A **WARNING** indicates a hazard to you and calls attention to a procedure that if not correctly followed could result in injury or even death. Do not proceed beyond a warning without understanding the hazard.

## 1.2. Laser Safety

This product incorporates a laser diode based sensor that is a CLASS1 product as defined in 21 CFR, Subchapter J, of the Health and Safety Act of 1968. This applies when the instrument is used under normal operating conditions and with proper maintenance.

Service procedures performed on the sensor can result in exposure to invisible laser radiation. Only a factory-authorized person must perform service on this instrument.

The laser diode based sensor inside this instrument has a warning label on it as shown below.



## 2. Familiarization

Figure 1 shows the inside of the 212 Profiler

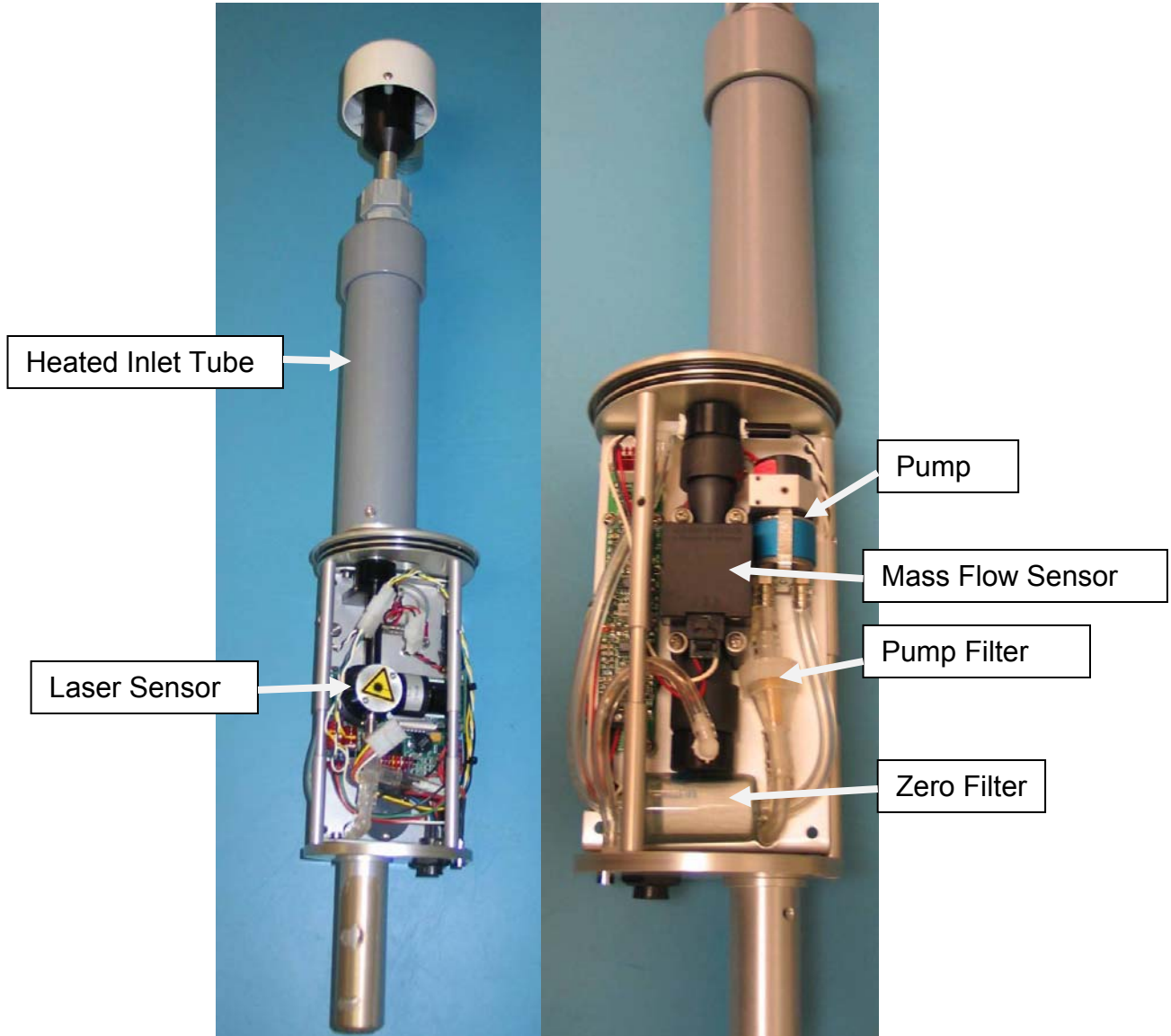


Figure 1: 212 Profiler (Cover Removed)

### 3. Installation

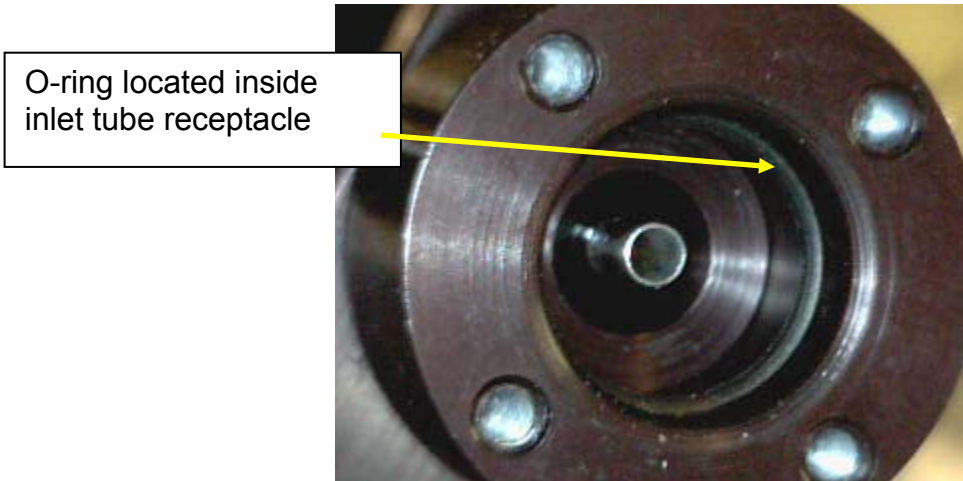
#### 3.1. Additional Assembly

##### 3.1.1. Attaching the Aluminum Inlet

The 212 may be shipped without the aluminum inlet tube being attached to the sensor. Units with the RH controlled inlet heater may come with the heater and inlet tube assembly pre-installed.

Insert the aluminum inlet tube into the sample inlet of the sensor. While doing so slightly rotate the aluminum tube until it's stopped by the sample inlet wall. Connect the white plug from inlet tube to the matching connector from the 212. This is the connection for the heater on the inlet tube for heated units, for non heated units this provides a ground path for the inlet tube.

**Note: It's very important to insert the aluminum tube all the way.** Only then the O-ring inside the sample inlet properly seals the inlet. If the aluminum tube is not inserted completely, the zero count test might fail due to ambient air leaking into the sample inlet.

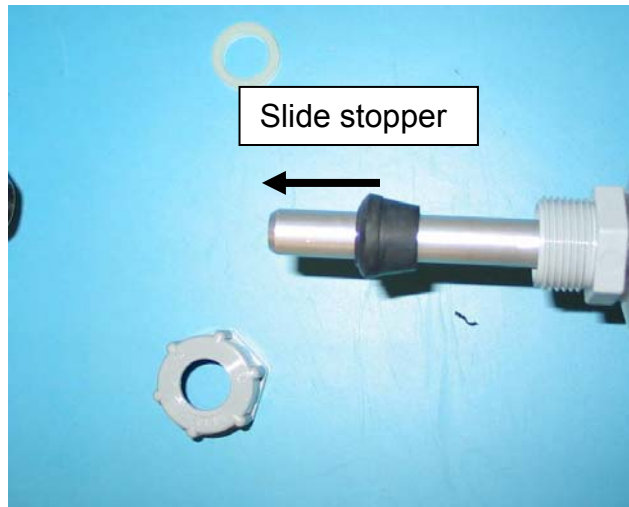


Close up view of inlet tube receptacle

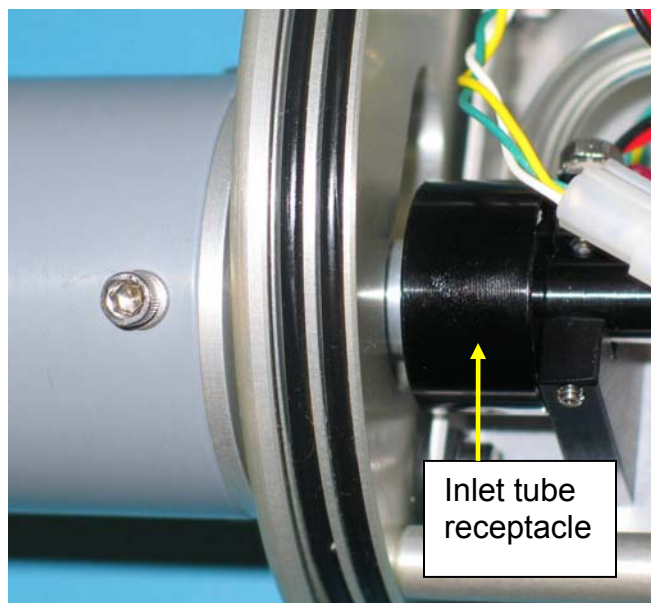
##### 3.1.2. Properly seating the heated inlet tube.

Loosen the grey nut at the top of the heated inlet tube assembly and slide the black rubber stopper towards the end.

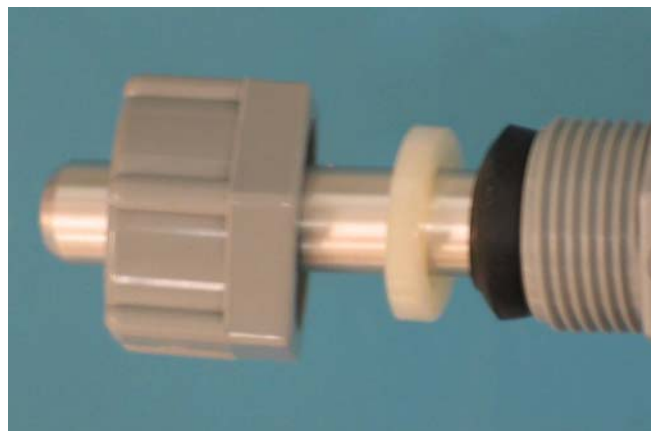




Push the inlet tube into the unit. You will feel it connect and seat



Slide rubber stopper back down install the hard plastic washer and the grey nut.



### 3.1.3. Attaching the TSP Inlet to the Aluminum Inlet

**Note:** All units must be operated with the TSP inlet.

Slide the TSP Inlet on top of the aluminum tube of the inlet heater.



Picture of TSP (on the left). *Not installed*

## 3.2. Site Considerations

Choose a site free of any nearby trees or other objects.

Non-uniform surroundings (such as a nearby building) create turbulence, which may affect accuracy.

## 3.3. Mounting

The Model 212 has hardware features that enable them to be mounted on a variety of surfaces including a camera tripod, a tower cross-arm, or a standard Met One wind sensor receiver. Custom mounting can also be easily fabricated by the user.

### 3.3.1. Standard camera tripod

The 212 can mount to many normal camera-style tripods through the  $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 threaded mounting hole on the bottom of the unit. Met One can supply a basic camera type tripod as an optional accessory part number 970650. Make sure that the tripod has a wide enough footprint to prevent the unit from tipping over. Verify that the sensor cable clears the mounting face of the tripod you plan to use. If the unit has the mounting post for a cross-arm installed, you will have to remove it before installing the tripod.

Attach the tripod to the bottom of the 212 unit securely with the thumb screw of the tripod. Position the tripod so that the legs are spaced wide enough to ensure that the unit is stable.

The camera tripod option is not intended for use in windy conditions or permanent outdoor installations.

### 3.3.2. Met One sensor mount

The 212 can also mount to a sensor tower or an 905 Met One tripod as part of a sensor array. A standard Met cross-arm tube is attached to the tripod or tower.

The 212 can mount into a standard Met One wind sensor receiver which mounts on the cross-arm.

The mounting post that inserts into the sensor receiver comes with the 212. The sensor receiver, T-fitting, and cross-arm can be purchased separately.

### 3.3.3. Mounting bracket

The 212 can be fitted with a custom fabricated sheet metal or machined mounting bracket to allow mounting for a post, pole, wall, or other vertical surface. The bracket can be attached to the 212 through the 1/4-20 mounting hole on the bottom of the unit.

The bracket must be mounted so that the inlet on the 212 is straight up. Also, the unit should be mounted so that the inlet extends up above whatever surface the unit is mounted to, otherwise the airflow into the unit could be impeded.

## 3.4. Wiring

### 3.4.1. Power

The 212 is supplied with a 12V power supply. This attaches to the signal cable through the power jack on the computer end.

**Note:** When power is connected the 212 will begin sampling. To record data install the Profiler utility software and press the “Start Sample” Button – see section 5.

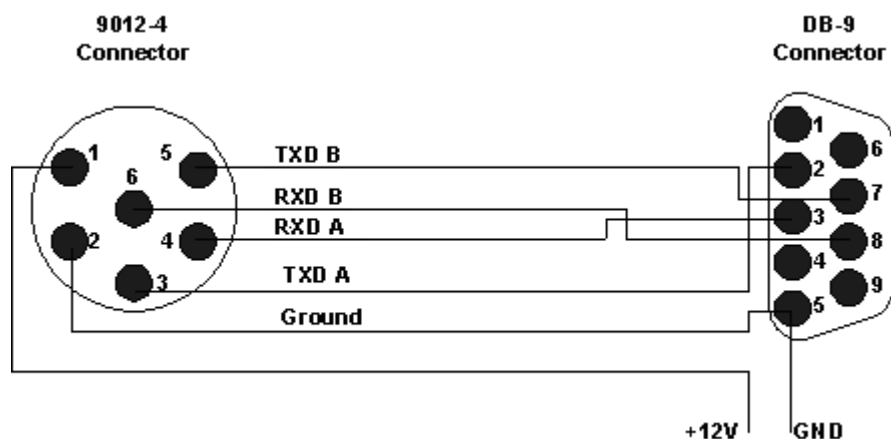
### 3.4.2. Communication RS-232

The 212 is supplied with a communication/power cable with a DB-9 connector on one end. , It can be connected directly into a 9 pin RS-232 communication port of a computer.

### 3.4.3. Special order RS-422 / RS-485

**Note:** special ordered units can have a RS-422/485 output. If the output is a full duplex RS-422 protocol. It can also be connected directly into a 9 pin RS-232 communication port of a computer. See appendix 1 for details on wiring to RS-422 four wire system. *The pin 3 (212 input) of the communication cable should be terminated. If left un-terminated, random commands can occur due to pick up from the output line. Install a termination resistor ( 1 kohm or less to ground) on the RXD A (the 212 input line) if not used.*

*Example: Only the output (TXD A) is connected to a data logger.*



The DB-9 connector is wired as follows:

- Pin 1: Not used
- Pin 2: TXD A
- Pin 3: RXD A
- Pin 4: Not used
- Pin 5: Ground
- Pin 6: Not used
- Pin 7: TXD B (Special order RS-422/485 only)
- Pin 8: RXD B (Special order RS-422/485 only)
- Pin 9: Not used

## 4. Description

### 4.1. Overview

The 212 Profiler was designed to monitor airborne particle density and size profile in indoor or outdoor applications. It measures and reports eight different particle sizes simultaneously. Using the supplied software utility, the counts or concentration can be displayed and logged.

It features remarkably simple operation – it starts up by simply supplying power to the unit – combined with accurate results.

Every 212 is calibrated with NIST-traceable polystyrene spheres in accordance to accepted industry standards, e.g. ASTM, ISO and JIS.

### 4.2. Principle of Operation

The 212 detects and evaluates the scatter signal from suspended particulate to provide a continuous real-time measurement of airborne particulate.

The sample air is drawn into the 212 by an internal rotary vane pump. Flow rate is controlled with a flow sensor and a pulse-width modulated feedback system to maintain a constant 1 LPM on the inlet nozzle. An additional 2 LPM is added around the sample flow (sheath air) to contain the particles. An internal near-IR laser diode is collimated and directed through the sample air flow.

When an airborne particle intersects the laser beam it scatters the light proportional to its cross section. The scattered light is collected over a wide angle perpendicular to the airflow and laser beam and focused on a photo diode. The photo diode converts the scattered light signal to a pulse with a proportional voltage to the particle size.

The output from the photo diode is then analyzed for two criteria.

1. The number of particles that scatter light.
2. The amount of light scattered.

The pulse height is compared against eight levels of programmable voltages. If the pulse height is greater than the voltage level, the counter for that channel is incremented.

After the sample time is completed the number of particles in each channel is reported. **The channels report the number of particles of that size and larger.**

#### **4.2.1. Inlet tube Heater**

The 212 comes with an inlet heater. This inlet heater is powered through the unit, and is controlled with an internal RH sensor in the sample stream.

If sampling in humid environments (i.e. relative humidity >50%) particles increase in size due to absorbed water. By heating the inlet tube the water around the particles is vaporized and more accurate sizing is achieved. Standard RH heater set point is 50%. The set point value can be read with the terminal command "R" followed by the "enter" key. The value can be changed with the "R" command followed by a value and the "enter" key.

### 4.3. Specifications

Model Number	212
Measuring Principle	Counts individual particles using scattered laser light and calculates the size by amplitude of scattered light.
Measurement Ranges (Counter)	8 channels that are preset in the range of 0.5µm to 10µm (0.3 optional)
Concentration Range	0-9,000,000 particles per cubic foot
Sensitivity	0.3µm (Counter) Model 212-2 0.5µm Model 212-1
Accuracy	+/- 10% to calibration aerosol
Sample Air Flow Rate	1 LPM
Sample Interval	1 – 60 Seconds
Operating Temperature	0° to +40° C
Storage Temperature	-40° to +80° C
Power	12 VDC, average operating current 180 mA. Maximum is 240mA. (with no inlet heater). Inlet heater @ 12 VDC additional 750 ma
Size	Diameter: 4", Length: 7.5" + 12" for inlet tube
Weight	4 lbs
Communications	RS-232 or (special ordered: RS-485, selectable full or half duplex)
Serial Settings	Baud = 9600, 8 data bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit.
Supplied Accessories	Operation Manual 212-9800 Signal/Power Cable 80347 Profiler Utility Software package 9777 TSP Inlet head 9441 Standard mounting post Power supply 510645 with power cord 400100
Optional Accessories	Tripod 970650

#### **4.4. Applications**

Because the Model 212 has many features and can be configured in many ways, it is finding use in a broad range of applications.

- Clean room monitoring, verification, and filter testing.
- Process control monitoring in sawmills, grain elevators, quarries etc.
- Mines and ore processing plants.
- Indoor and outdoor air quality studies.
- Finding leaks and sources of contamination air ducts and filtration systems.
- Concerned citizen groups that want to do their own air quality studies.
- Hospitals and nursing homes.
- Test the efficiency of residential air purifiers and vacuum cleaners.
- Check filters for particle leaks.
- Epidemiological studies.
- Re-entrainment studies.

## 5. Communication Services for 212

The 212 Profiler has two (2) types of serial communication services—Modbus or Terminal mode.

The application program *Profiler Utility* uses Modbus. This is the preferred method of configuration and operation of a 212 Profiler. A Compact Disc (Part Number 9777) is provided with each unit that contains the *Profiler Utility* program and user manual.

The *Profile Utility* program supports a baud rate of 9600.

The default serial settings of the 212 Profiler are 9600, 8, N, 1.

The Terminal service can be used as required. It has a limited command set. See the *Terminal Service* section for a description of the commands.

For more information on the Modbus services, request from the factory the document entitled *OEM 9720 Profiler Communication Specification*.

### 5.1. Terminal Service

Sending three (3) carriage returns (0x0D) starts the Terminal service.

The Terminal service begins by displaying the Unit ID number, the Model number, and the firmware version/revision number — 12, 9720, 3624-01 R1.9.0.

### 5.2. Terminal Commands

Command	Description
H	Display the Help menu  12, 9720, 3624-01 R1.9.0  H - This Help menu C - Set to Single sample Y - Set to Repeat sample Q - Stop command S - Start command O - Set Flow offset T - Set Sample Time R - Set RH Set Point X - eXit terminal mode
C	Set the unit to operate in Single sample mode. The unit will run for 1 sample cycle and stop. The sample time sets the length of the sample cycle.
Y	Set the unit to operate in Repeat sample mode. Repeat mode repeats the sample cycle until a stop (Q) is issued. The sample time sets the length of the sample cycle

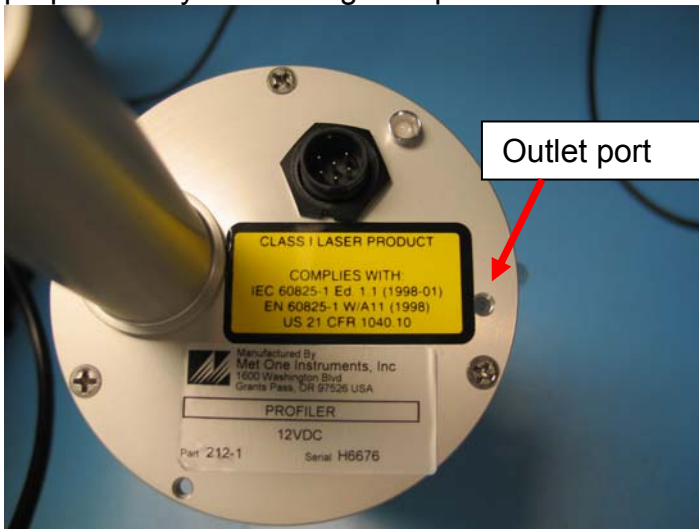


<b>Q</b>	Quit sampling.														
<b>R</b>	Report or set the RH set point. To report the current RH set point setting, send R<CR> where <CR> is the ASCII carriage return (0x0D) character. To set the RH set point setting, send R x<cr> where x is the RH set point in %. The range is 0 to 100 %.														
<b>S</b>	<p>Start sampling in the Single or Repeat sample mode. Data is reported at the end of each sample cycle. The report output is useful for capturing data to a CSV type file. A typical report output follows. Time units are in seconds since the unit was powered up.</p> <pre>Time,1 (0.49),2 (0.70),3 (1.00),4 (2.00),5 (2.50),6 (5.00),7 (7.00),8 (10.00),Alarms,Flow (lpm),AT (C),BP (mmHg),RH (%) 2540,5563,2755,942,114,39,22,16,0,0 2600,5551,2743,972,135,47,29,17,1,0 2660,5385,2662,898,131,50,28,20,1,18,2.8,23.1,760.2,23</pre> <p>The Alarms value is determined by adding up the values of failed conditions. For example if the Alarms value is 18 then the Laser Calibration and Temperature Sensor have failed.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Fail Condition</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Non-Volatile Memory</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Laser Calibration</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Vacuum Pump</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Air Filter</td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Temperature Sensor</td> <td>16</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pressure Sensor</td> <td>32</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The Non-Volatile Memory fails when the factory calibration settings are lost. The unit must be returned to the factory for recalibration. The Laser Calibration fails when the laser has run for more than 8760 hours. The Vacuum Pump fails when the pump runs for more than 6000 hours. It also fails if the pump control is at a maximum and the flow rate is less than 1.0 lpm. The Air Filter fails when the pump control is at a maximum. The Temperature sensor fails when the reading is less than -30.0 °C or greater than 50.0 °C. The Pressure sensor fails when the reading is less than 600 mmHg and greater than 772 mmHg. The Flow, AT, BP, and RH readings only appear if the Profiler Utility software Report settings have been configured and your hardware has been equipped with these sensors.</p>	Fail Condition	Value	Non-Volatile Memory	1	Laser Calibration	2	Vacuum Pump	4	Air Filter	8	Temperature Sensor	16	Pressure Sensor	32
Fail Condition	Value														
Non-Volatile Memory	1														
Laser Calibration	2														
Vacuum Pump	4														
Air Filter	8														
Temperature Sensor	16														
Pressure Sensor	32														
<b>O</b>	Report or set the flow system calibration offset. To report the current flow offset setting, send O<CR> where <CR> is the ASCII carriage return (0x0D) character. To set the sample time setting, send O x.x<cr> where x.x is the flow offset. The range is -4.0 to 4.0 lpm.														
<b>T</b>	Report or set the sample time. To report the current sample time setting, send T<CR> where <CR> is the ASCII carriage return (0x0D) character. To set the sample time setting, send T x<cr> where x is the sample time in seconds. The range is 1 to 3600 seconds (1 hour).														
<b>X</b>	Exit Terminal mode and return to Modbus mode.														

## 6. Inlet Flow Calibration

### 6.1. Flow overview (See appendix 2)

The 212 operates with an inlet flow of 1.0 LPM (liters per minute). The inlet air flow is surrounded by a stream of clean air, referred to as sheath air. This sheath air keeps the particles from leaving the sample flow stream. This helps keep the particles from depositing on the optics. The flow rate of the sheath air is about 2 LPM. This gives a total of 3 LPM leaving the optical particle detector (OPD). The sampled air plus sheath air is then passes through a filter and a pump. After the pump some of the air is re-filtered and returns back to the sheath air inlet on the inlet tube. The remaining air is measured with a mass flow sensor and exits the 212 on the bottom of the unit. **NEVER BLOCK THE OUTLET PORT.** *The outlet port is flush with the bottom of the unit and can easily be blocked with a sticker or ID tag.* The controlling electronics uses the signal from the mass flow sensor and the internal air flow temperature sensor to calculate the volumetric flow based on the barometric pressure which was entered into the unit with the profiler utility program. The 212 does not have a internal baro sensor and flow can change proportionally with changes in pressure.



### 6.2. Flow Calibration using terminal commands

The “O” command will adjust the offset flow in the 212. (*letter O, not the number 0*) The terminal mode can be invoked on unit by pressing the “enter” key three times. The 212 will return the “>” character (this indicates it in terminal mode). By entering the “O” followed by a “return” key, the current value will be returned. This values is most likely around 0.2. The value can be changed by entering the “O” followed by a numeric value and a “return” key. Calibration is achieved by attaching a external calibrated flow sensor to the inlet nozzle and starting the unit in a continues run mode with a “Y” “S” command (repeat sample mode and a start command). The unit will ramp up the internal pump. After about a minute a reading should be made on the external flow

sensor (convert to LPM if not already in that unit) calculate the difference of the measured flow from 1 LPM set point flow add this to the current offset value and enter it with the “O” command. Example: The current offset values is 0.05, the unit reads a flow of 1.1 LPM on the inlet. Type “O 0.15” and “return” key. Wait about a minute for the flow to settle down to the new value and repeat until the flow is 1.00 LPM  $\pm$ 0.01.

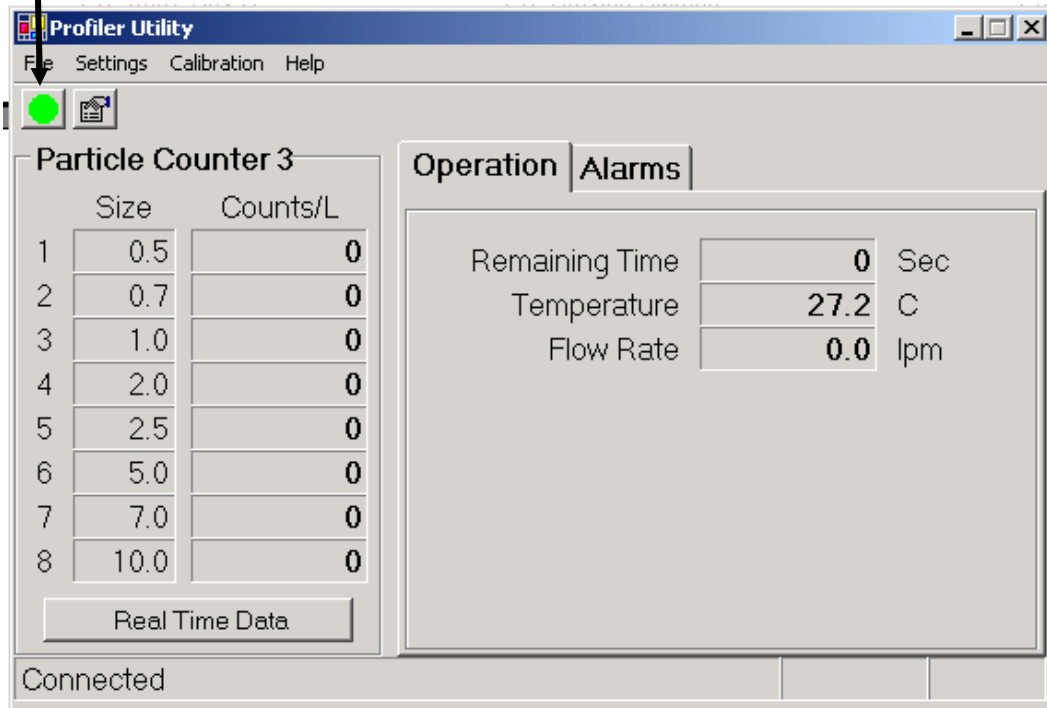
**NOTE: IF external flow sensor reads zero on inlet but you can feel air exiting the outlet port. The inlet tube may not be seated all the way see section 3.1.1**

### 6.3. Flow Calibration using the Profiler Utility Program.

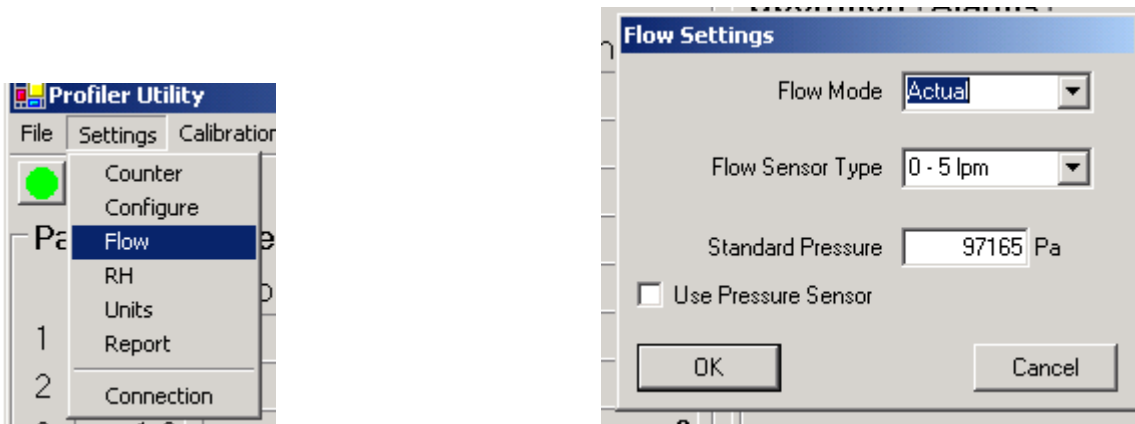
The utility program gives the user much more control of the 212 unit than the limited set of the terminal commands.

- Start the 212 ‘Profiler Utility’ program supplied with the unit.
- If unit automatically starts sampling use the ‘Red’ button on the utility program screen to stop the unit.

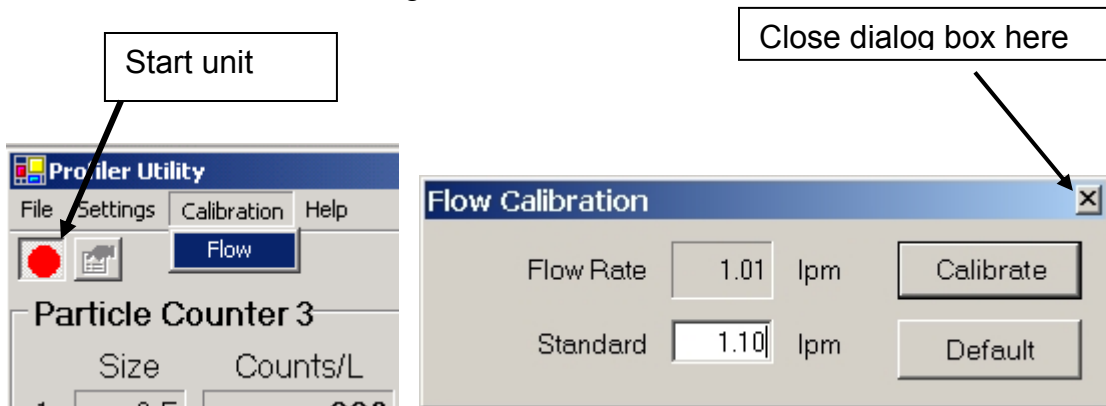
Start / stop button



- Mouse click on the 'Settings' pull down screen. Select 'Flow' This will bring up the 'Flow Settings' dialog box.



- From the Dialog box, verify that flow mode is set to 'Actual'. The Flow sensor type should be set to '0 - 5 lpm'. The 'Use Pressure Sensor' should be un-marked.
- Enter Current Barometric pressure from an external reference. The units may be ether Pascals or "inches of Hg" depending on the setting under 'Units'. Mouse click the 'OK' button when done.
- Attach an external flow sensor to inlet nozzle.
- Start the unit sampling by mouse clicking the green button (it will turn red) then from the 'Calibration' pull down menu select 'Flow'. This will open the 'Flow Calibration' Dialog box.



- Wait for the flow to reach a steady state. Take the reading from the external flow sensor . Enter this value in the box labeled 'Standard'. Mouse click the 'Calibrate' button to enter value into unit. The reported 'Flow Rate' will now change to the entered value. The unit will now adjust the pump voltage to obtain a 'Flow Rate' of 1.00 lpm.
- After new value is entered wait until 'Flow rate' reads about 1.00 LPM . If the external flow sensor doesn't report a flow of 1.0 LPM repeat until a

- satisfactory flow is obtained. Close the dialog box with the small x button in the upper right hand corner.
- This completes the flow calibration process.

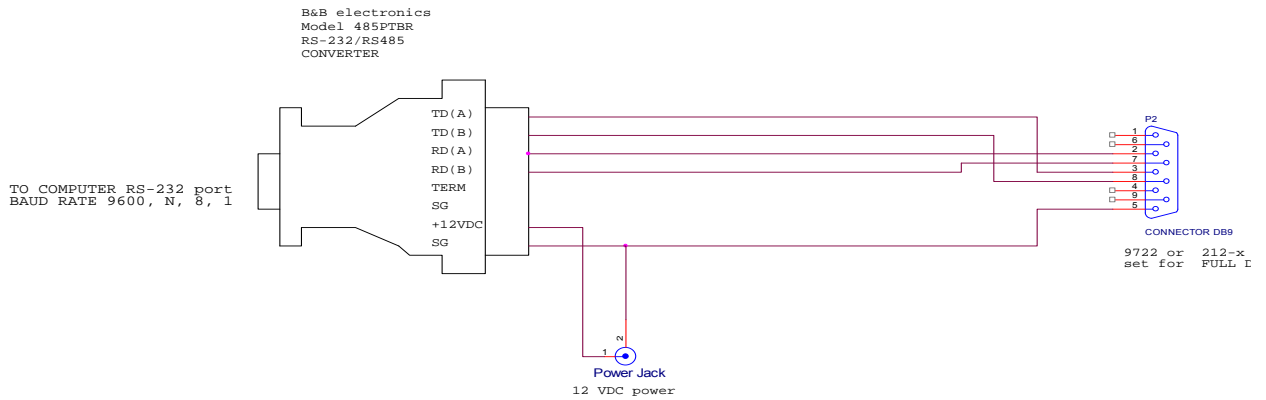
## 7. Software

Currently the 212 is shipped with the 'Profiler Utility Program'.

The Profiler Utility program is used to configure the count channel sizes, and parameters like the sample time, the sample mode, and the unit ID. This utility can also be used to log particle counts to a CSV file.

**Note:** In the Profiler Utility Program manual you may see references to a 9720 or 9722 particle counter. These counters are the sub-modules used within the 212 Profiler. The manual contains some information, which may not apply to the 212 profilers.

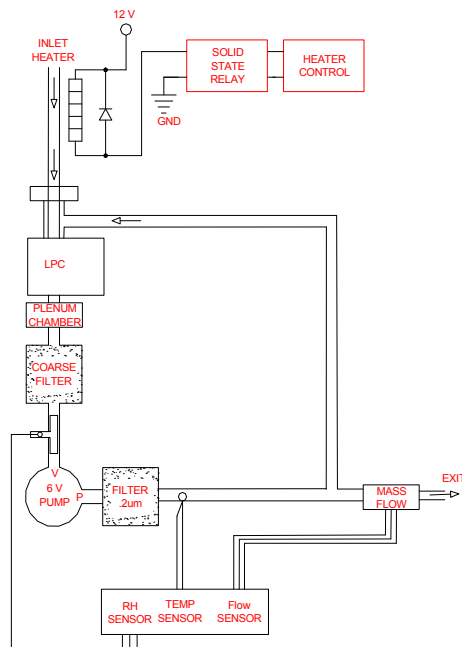
## 7.1. Appendix 1: RS422 wiring diagram (SPECIAL ORDERS ONLY)



CONVERTER	9722
RD (A)	PIN 2
TD (A)	PIN 3
SG Ground	PIN 5
RD (B)	PIN 7
TD (B)	PIN 8

Wiring to a 212-x or a 9722 in full duplex

## Appendix 2: 212 Flow Diagram



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212 Flow Diagram